

The patient has WHAT? Zoonotic Diseases: The Good, The Bad and The Ugly



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CANADA'S ESSENTIAL DESTINATION FOR POLITICS



MAC

Toronto Public Health Issues Warning After Puppy Sold At Flea Market Dies From Rabies

BY NEWS STAFF

POSTED JAN 23, 2008 12:00 PM EDT

LIFE

More than 758 people have called so far. At least 60 people have been vaccinated.

Multistate Outbreaks of *Salmonella* Infections Linked to Contact with Live Poultry in Backyard Flocks, 2018



Language: English (US) ▾

- [Salmonella Infections Linked to Contact with Live Poultry in Backyard Flocks en Español](#)
- [Case Count Maps](#)

Posted June 8, 2018 9:30 AM ET

Outbreak Advisory

124	36	21	0
Cases	States	Hospitalizations	Death

- CDC and multiple states are investigating several multistate outbreaks of *Salmonella* infections linked to contact with live poultry in backyard flocks.
 - Several different types of *Salmonella* bacteria have made people sick: *Salmonella* Seftenberg, *Salmonella* Montevideo, *Salmonella* Infantis, *Salmonella* Enteritidis, *Salmonella* Indiana, and *Salmonella* Litchfield.
- As of June 1, 2018, 124 people infected with the outbreak strains of *Salmonella* have been reported from 36 states.
 - Illnesses started on dates ranging from February 2, 2018 to May 14, 2018.
 - 21 ill people have been hospitalized, and no deaths have been reported.
 - 31% of ill people are children younger than 5 years.
- Epidemiologic, traceback, and laboratory findings link these outbreaks to contact with live poultry, such as chicks and ducklings, which come from multiple hatcheries.
 - In interviews, 55 (74%) of 74 ill people with information available reported contact with chicks or ducklings in the week before their illness started.
 - People reported obtaining chicks and ducklings from several sources, including feed supply stores, websites, hatcheries, and from relatives.
- Seventy outbreaks of *Salmonella* infections have been linked to contact with backyard flocks [since 2000](#) [PDF – 887KB]. In 2017, CDC reported the [largest number of illnesses ever recorded](#) linked to backyard flocks.
- People can get sick with [*Salmonella* infections](#) from touching live poultry or their environment. These birds can be carrying *Salmonella* bacteria but appear healthy and clean and show no signs of illness.



CLICK TO VIEW CASE COUNT MAPS

Tips to Stay Healthy with a Backyard Flock

- Always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water right after touching live poultry.
- Do not let children younger

How do you like walrus? Well done is best amid outbreak in Alaska

2 outbreaks of trichinosis over last year in western Alaska

Dan Joling - The Associated Press - Posted: Jul 07, 2017 8:30 AM CT | Last Updated: July 7, 2017



Walrus during a hunt in Nunavut. Officials in the U.S. are warning people about the effects of undercooked game meat after two outbreaks of trichinosis over the last year in western Alaska. (Niore Iqalukjuak)

If walrus is in your dinner plans, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recommends you make sure it's well done.

The federal health agency warned of the effects of undercooked game meat after two outbreaks of trichinosis over the last year in western Alaska. The outbreaks sickened 10 people and all have fully recovered.

It was the first multiple-case outbreaks of trichinosis associated with walrus, which can only be hunted by Alaska Natives for subsistence or handicraft purposes, since 1992.

Presentation Outline

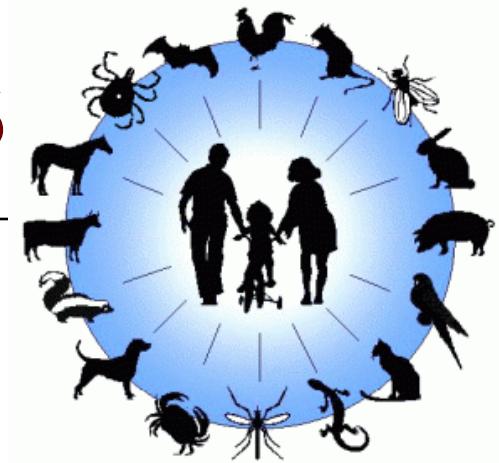
□ Zoonoses

- Definition
- Background
- Transmission
- Examples
- Prevention

□ Questions



Zoonotic Diseases



□ Zoonoses

- Zoo = Animal
- Noses = Illness or Pathology

□ Definition: Infectious agents or diseases that can be transmitted directly or indirectly from animals to humans

Animal



Human

Zoonotic Diseases

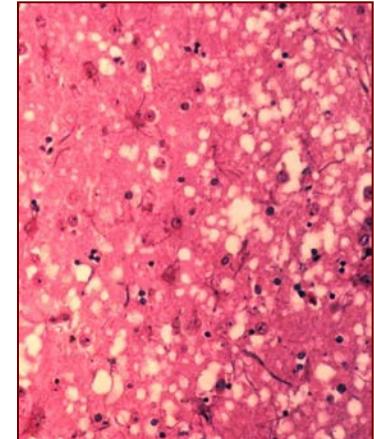
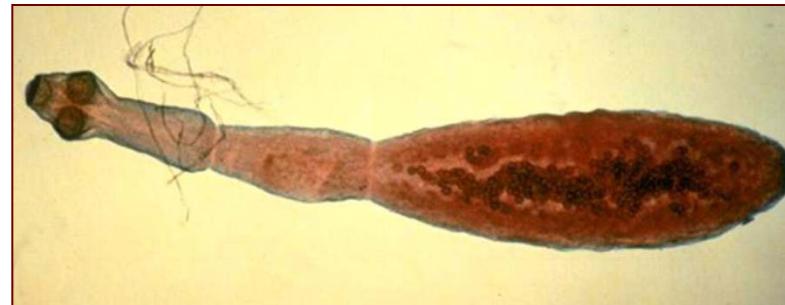
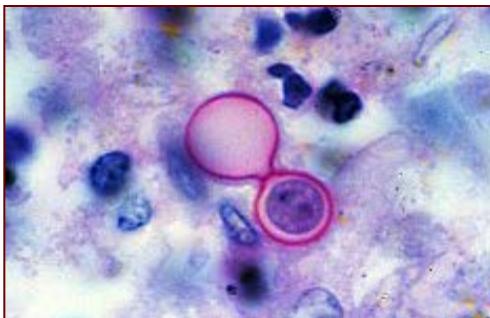
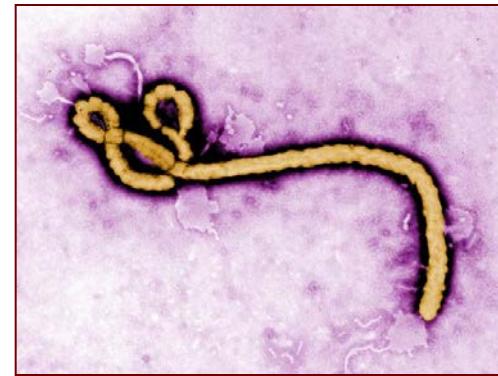
- Approximately 60% of human pathogens are zoonotic (Taylor et al., 2001)
- Approximately 75% of emerging human pathogens are zoonotic (Taylor et al., 2001)





Types of Zoonotic Pathogens

- Bacteria
- Viruses
- Fungi
- Parasites
- Prions



Some Emerging Zoonotic Diseases

Date	Infection
1982	<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7; <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i>
1992	
1994	
1996	
1997	
1998	Nipah virus; West Nile virus; Hong Kong influenza H9.N2
2003	Monkey pox; SARS
2009	Influenza H1N1
2012	MERS

Transmission of Zoonoses

- Direct contact with animals or animal excretions
 - Contact, aerosol, ingestion



Direct Contact

- Share our homes
- Visitation animals
- Petting zoos
- Occupational exposure
- At risk individuals/populations

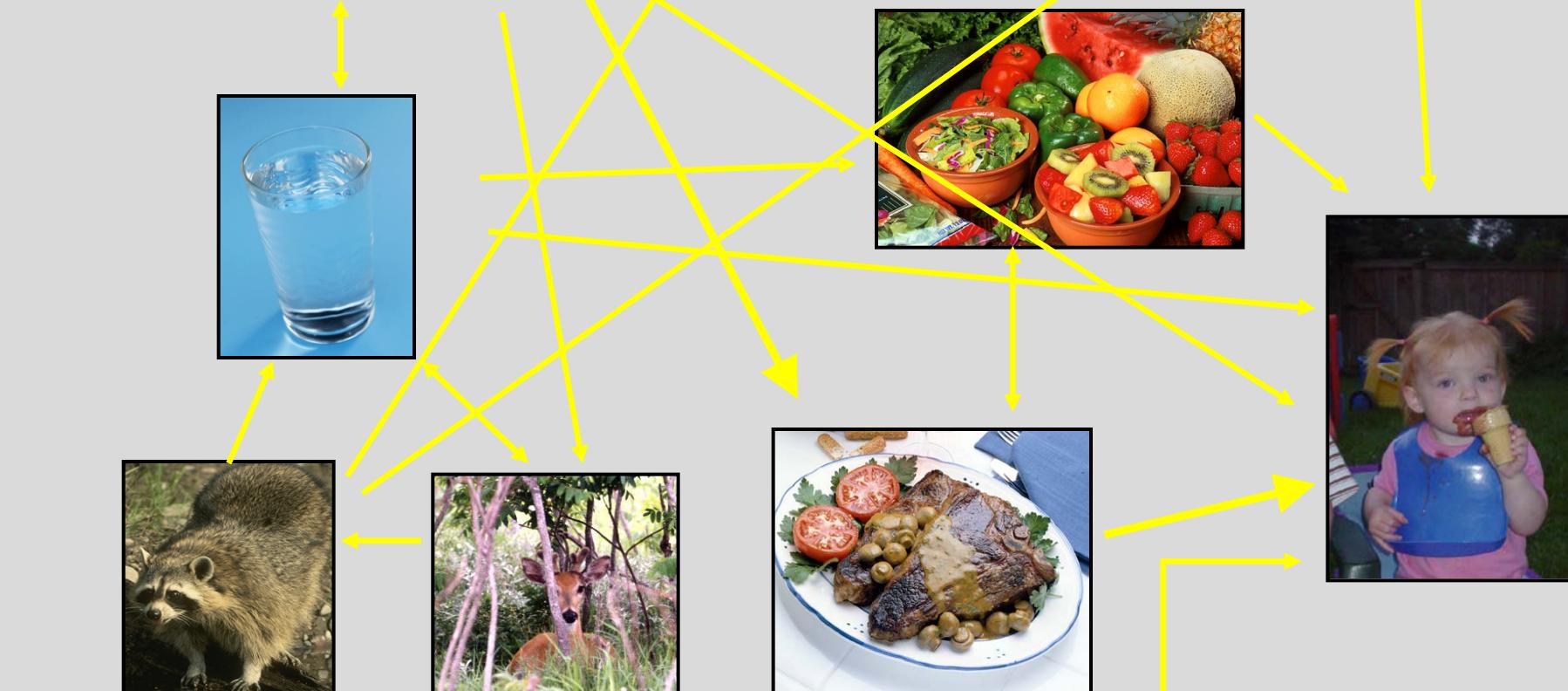


Transmission of Zoonoses

- Direct contact with animals or animal excretions
 - Contact, aerosol, ingestion
- Indirect contact
 - Vector borne, fomites, food, water, environment



Foodborne, Waterborne, Environmental Transmission Routes



FUN ANIMAL FACT #1



Smudge as a kitten

Smudge all grown up

**Smudge is deaf = 65-85% cats blue eyes + white fur
Congenital deafness = degeneration of inner ear**

Zoonotic Diseases: Dogs & Cats

- Rabies
- Salmonella*
- Campylobacter*
- Toxoplasmosis
- Scabies
- Cryptosporidium
- Roundworms
- Leptospirosis
- Ringworm
- Tularemia
- Pasteurella multocida*
- Cat scratch fever





Zoonotic Diseases: Farm Animals

Rabies, Anthrax, Brucellosis, TB (*bovis*), BSE, Leptospirosis, *E. coli* 0157, Listeriosis, Ringworm, *Strep suis*, Trichinellosis, Influenza, Menangle virus/Nepah virus, Erysipelas, Orf, Q-fever, Psittacosis, Western Equine Encephalitis, Eastern Equine Encephalitis, Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis, St. Louis Encephalitis, West Nile Virus, Hendra Virus, Salmonellosis, Glanders, MRSA, *Campylobacter jejuni*



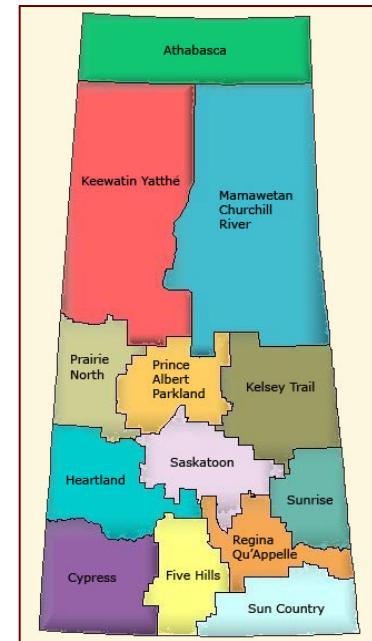
Zoonotic Diseases: Wild Animals

- Rabies
- Baylisascaris procyonis*
- Hantavirus
- Trichinosis
- Tularemia
- Plague
- Leptospirosis
- Salmonellosis
- Lyme Disease

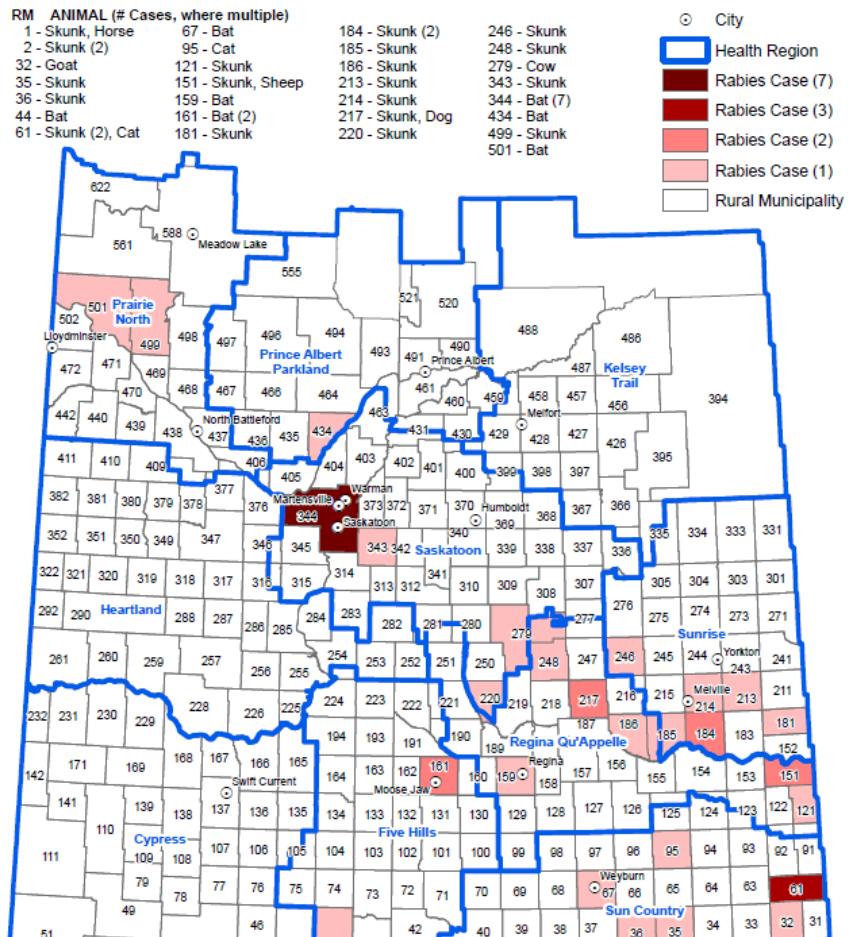


Noteworthy Zoonotic Diseases: Saskatchewan

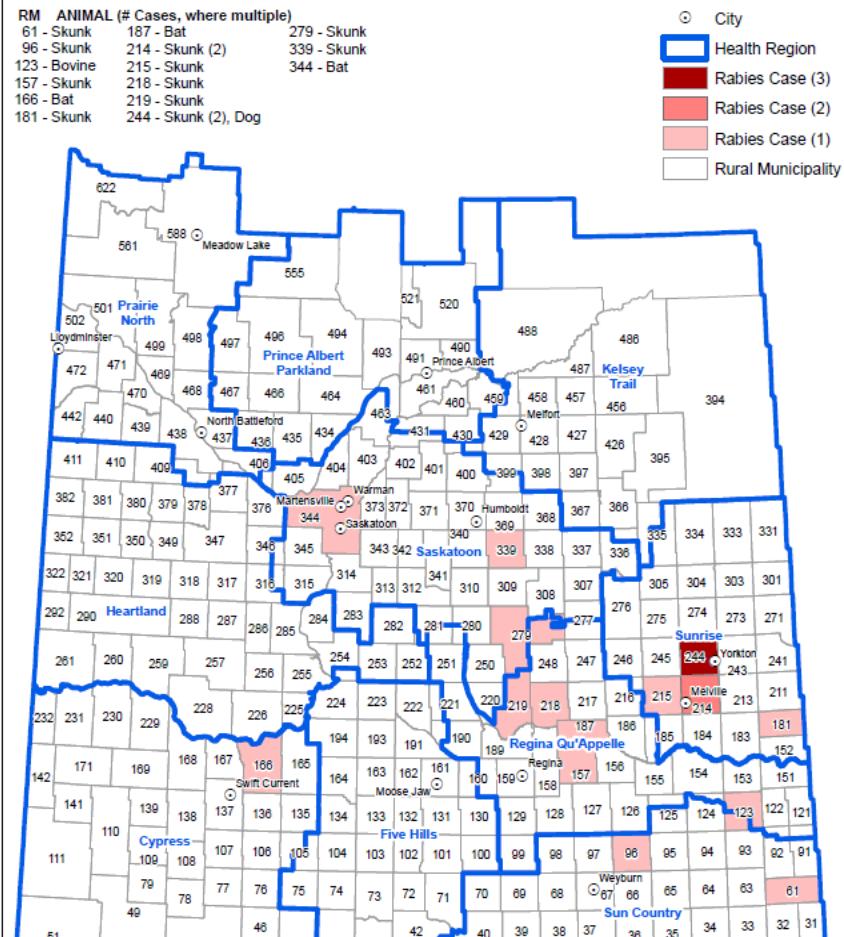
- Anthrax
- West Nile
- Cryptosporidium parvum* (North Battleford)
- Northern Saskatchewan
 - *Toxocara canis*
 - *Echinococcus*
- Yersinia pestis* (plague)
- Hantavirus
- Rabies



Saskatchewan Rabies Cases 2016



Saskatchewan Rabies Cases 2017



FUN ANIMAL FACT #2



**Pastoral Symphony - Beethoven
Bridge Over Troubled Water - Simon & Garfunkel
Everybody Hurts - REM**

Case #1

(Van den Eden et al., Emerg Infect Dis, 2006;12:523-525)

- 31 year-old, healthy, female, Belgian
- Traveled with friends to Botswana, Namibia, and South Africa
- Early Jan/15,
- Blisters, black crusts, enlarged lymph nodes
- 

friend cleaned finger, hand, arm, tendon in finger destroyed
- Anthrax suspected
- Legs dead antelope and sat on hippo carcass

Case #2

(Hajek et al., Can J Infect Dis Med Microbiol 2009; 20:177-180)

- Previous healthy 7 y.o. boy, autism, presents Toronto hospital with:



RACCOON ROUNDWORM (*BAYLISASCARIS PROCYONIS*)

- Dx: Raccoon Roundworm Meningoencephalitis

Case #3

(Canada Communicable Disease Report 2000;26-06)

- August 1999, Alberta, increase in *Salmonella Infantis* cases in humans
 - 8/12 *S. Infantis* cases dog owners
 - 9/12 cases exposure pig ears
 - 5/27 dogs owned by cases ill
 - Molecular typing indicated same strain
 - Handling pig ears?
 - Shedding of organism in home from dogs?



Case #4

(The Guardian <https://www.theguardian.com/lifeandstyle/2014/jan/31>)

- June 2013 - A man from the Philippines removed his hand after it was choking him.
 - Bitten by a rat
 - Day after day he had fever
 - Few days later his lungs collapsed
 - Plague swelling and turning black
- 
- © AP

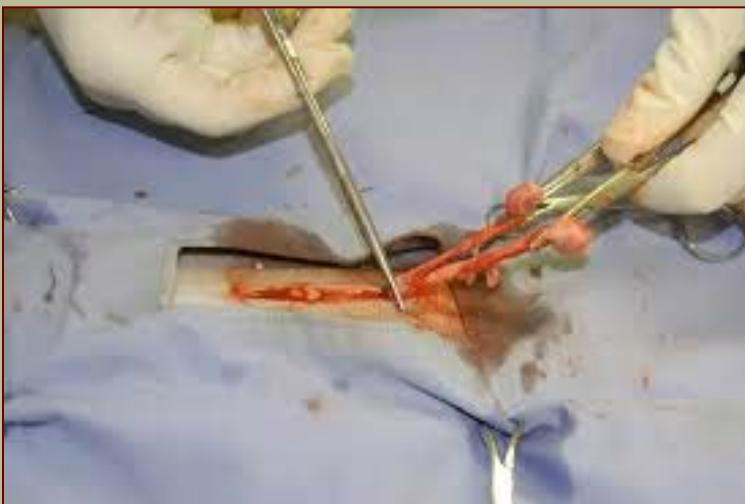
Case #5

(Srinivasan et al., NEJM 2005;352:1103-1111)

- Hospital in Texas, May 2004
- 4 recipients of kidneys, liver, arterial segment from common organ donor died of encephalitis of unknown cause
 - Inflammation of the brain – headache, fever, seizures, muscle weakness
- Organ donor and recipient diagnosis: Rabies
- Organ donor bitten by bat



FUN VET FACT #3



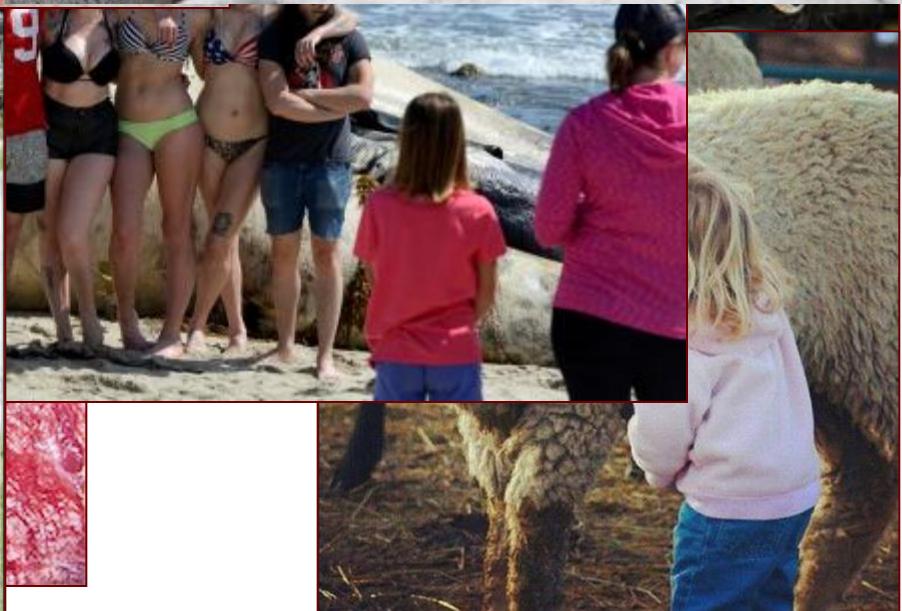
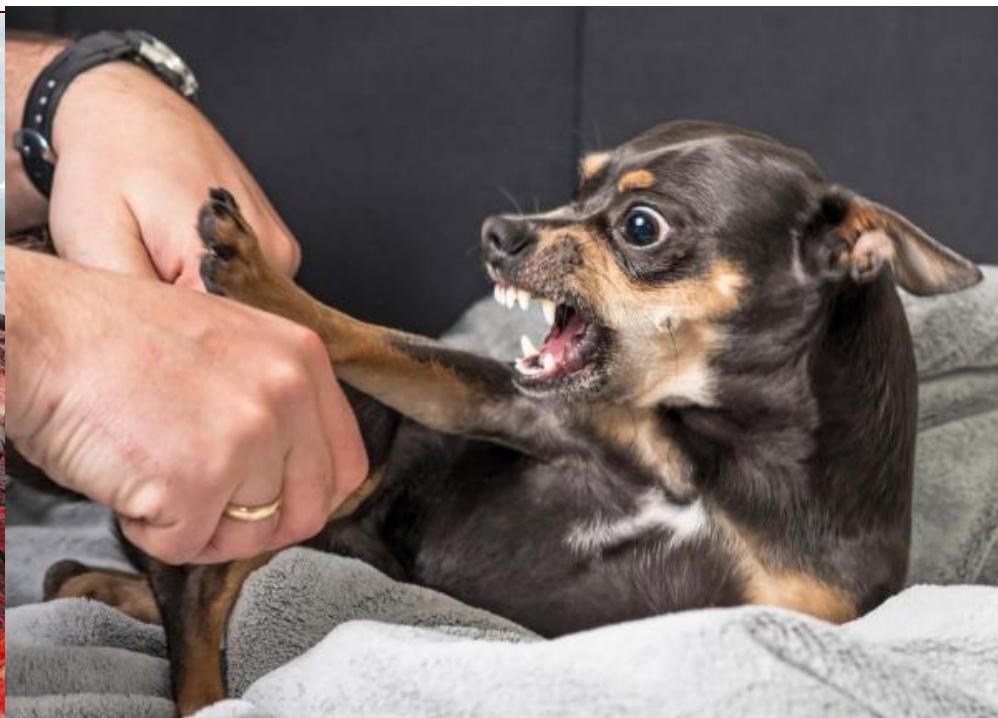
Giant Kidney Worm



Zoonotic Diseases Prevention

- Zoonoses exist in your locale (& those not zoonotic)
- Know routes of transmission
- At risk populations (young, old, immunocompromised)
- Animals: vaccination & deworming
- Humans: vaccination (especially travel)
- Safe food preparation
- Safe drinking water
- Insect repellent, appropriate clothing
- Wash hands
- COMMON SENSE





Thank You – Questions?



3 year old Great Dane repeatedly vomiting all day. In total: 43.5 socks removed from his stomach.

